# FIITJ EE sAMPLE PAPER <br> (FIITJ EE Talent Reward Exam-2020) 

## for students presently in

## Class 9 (Paper 2)

Time: 3 Hours (1:45 pm - 4:45 pm)


Maximum Marks: 240

## Instructions:

Caution: Class, Paper, Code as given above MUST be correctly marked on the answer OMR sheet before attempting the paper. Wrong Class, Paper or Code will give wrong results.

1. You are advised to devote 30 Minutes on Section-I, 50 Minutes on Section-II, 50 Minutes on Section-III and 50 Minutes on Section-IV.
2. This Question paper consists of 4 sections. Marking scheme is given in table below:

| Section | Subject |  | Question no. | Marking Scheme for each question |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | correct answer | wrong answer |
| SECTION - I | PHYSICS | (PART-A) |  | 1 to 6 | +1 | 0 |
|  | CHEMISTRY | (PART-B) | 7 to 12 | +1 | 0 |
|  | MATHEMATICS | (PART-C) | 13 to 18 | +1 | 0 |
|  | BIOLOGY | (PART-D) | 19 to 24 | +1 | 0 |
| SECTION - II | PHYSICS | (PART-A) | 25 to 32 | +3 | -1 |
|  | CHEMISTRY | (PART-B) | 33 to 40 | +3 | -1 |
|  | MATHEMATICS | (PART-C) | 41 to 48 | +3 | -1 |
| SECTION - III | PHYSICS | (PART-A) | 49 to 54 | +3 | -1 |
|  | CHEMISTRY | (PART-B) | 55 to 60 | +3 | -1 |
|  | MATHEMATICS | (PART-C) | 61 to 66 | +3 | -1 |
|  | BIOLOGY | (PART-D) | 67 to 72 | +3 | -1 |
| SECTION - IV | PHYSICS | (PART-A) | 73 to 77 | +3 | 0 |
|  | CHEMISTRY | (PART-B) | 78 to 82 | +3 | 0 |
|  | MATHEMATICS | (PART-C) | 83 to 87 | +3 | 0 |
|  | PHYSICS | (PART-D) | 88 to 90 | +3 | 0 |
|  | CHEMISTRY | (PART-E) | 91 to 93 | +3 | 0 |
|  | MATHEMATICS | (PART-F) | 94 to 96 | +3 | 0 |

3. Answers have to be marked on the OMR sheet. The Question Paper contains blank spaces for your rough work. No additional sheets will be provided for rough work.
4. Blank papers, clip boards, log tables, slide rule, calculator, cellular phones, pagers and electronic devices, in any form, are not allowed.
5. Before attempting paper write your OMR Answer Sheet No., Registration Number, Name and Test Centre in the space provided at the bottom of this sheet.
6. See method of marking of bubbles at the back of cover page for question no. 88 to 96.

Note: Please check this Question Paper contains all 96 questions in serial order. If not so, exchange for the correct Question Paper.

OMR Answer Sheet No. : $\qquad$
Registration Number : $\qquad$
Name of the Candidate : $\qquad$
Test Centre $\qquad$

For questions 88 to 96
Numerical based questions single digit answer 0 to 9

## Example 1:

If answer is 6 .
Correct method:
(0) (1)
(2)
(3)
(5)
(6) (7) (8) (9)

## Example 2:

If answer is 2 .
Correct method:
(0) (1)
(2)
(3) (4)
(4) (5)
(6) (7) (8) (9)

## Recommended Time: 30 Minutes for Section - I

## Section - I

## PHYSICS - (PART - A)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Guestions number 1 to 6. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.

1. A passenger in a moving bus tosses a ball. If the ball falls behind him, the bus must be moving with.
(A) Deceleration
(B) Uniform speed
(C) Acceleration
(D) None of these
2. An object will continue moving uniformly until.
(A) The resultant force on it begins to decrease
(B) The resultant force on it is zero
(C) The resultant force is at certain angle to the motion
(D) The resultant force is increasing continuously
3. Newton's second law gives the measure of
(A) Angular momentum
(B) Acceleration
(C) Force
(D) Momentum
4. The weight of a body at the centre of the earth is
(A) Zero
(B) Infinite
(C) Same as on surface
(D) Equal to mass
5. The minimum velocity of projection for a body to move out from the earth's gravitational pull is called.
(A) Orbital velocity
(B) Escape velocity
(C) Angular velocity
(D) Terminal velocity
6. Time period of a simple pendulum inside a satellite orbiting earth is
(A) Zero
(B) infinite
(C) T
(D) 2 T

## CHEMISTRY - (PART - B)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Questions number 7 to 12. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
7. Dalton put forward his atomic theory of matter in the year
(A) 1608
(B) 1708
(C) 1808
(D) None of these
8. Foam is a type of colloid in which the dispersion medium and the dispersed phase are respectively :
(A) Solid and solid
(B) Solid and liquid
(C) Liquid and solid
(D) Liquid and gas
9. One major drawback of Dalton's theory was, he proposed
(A) All atoms of an element have exactly the same mass
(B) Atoms are indivisible.
(C) Atoms of different element have different masses
(D) All of them
10. The movement of colloidal particles towards one of the electrodes under the influence of an electric field is:
(A) Electrolysis
(B) Anodizing
(C) Catenisation
(D) Electrophoresis
11. A $0.01 \%$ (by mass) solution of sodium chloride is prepared. Which of the following represent the correct composition?
(A) 1.0 g of $\mathrm{NaCl}+100 \mathrm{~g}$ of water
(B) 0.10 g of $\mathrm{NaCl}+100 \mathrm{~g}$ of water
(C) 0.01 g of $\mathrm{NaCl}+99.99 \mathrm{~g}$ of water
(D) 0.10 g of $\mathrm{NaCl}+99.90 \mathrm{~g}$ of water
12. One atomic mass unit is defined as exactly
(A) One-sixth the mass of an atom of C-12
(B) One twelfth the mass of an atom of C-12
(C) Six times the mass of an atom of C-12
(D) Twelve times the mass of an atom of C-12

## MATHEMATICS - (PART - C)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Questions number 13 to 18. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
13. The point of intersection of the angle bisectors of the vertices of a triangle is known as
(A) incentre
(B) circumcentre
(C) orthocenter
(D) centroid
14. If $(x-2)$ is a factor of $\left(x^{2}+3 q x-2 q\right)$, then the value of $q$ is
(A) -2
(B) -1
(C) 1
(D) 2
15. If $\triangle \mathrm{ABC} \cong \triangle \mathrm{LKM}$, then which side of $\triangle \mathrm{LKM}$ is equal to side AC of $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ ?
(A) LK
(B) LM
(C) KM
(D) None of these
16. The square of distance between $(1,-1)$ and $(2,3)$ is
(A) 5
(B) 10
(C) 17
(D) 13
17. The lines $x=7$ and $y=-9$ intersect at point
(A) $(0,0)$
(B) $(-7,9)$
(C) $(-9,7)$
(D) $(7,-9)$
18. If $y$-axis works as a mirror then the image of point $(5,2)$ is
(A) $(-5,-2)$
(B) $(5,-2)$
(C) $(-5,2)$
(D) None of these

## Space for Rough Work

## BIOLOGY - (PART - D)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Questions number 19 to 24. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
19. During an injury nasal septum gets damaged and for its recovery which cartilage is preferred?
(A) Elastic cartilage
(B) Hyaline cartilage
(C) Calcified cartilage
(D) Fibrous cartilage
20. Mast cells of connective tissue contain:
(A) Vasopressin and relaxin
(B) Heparin and histamine
(C) Heparin and calcitonin
(D) Serotonin and melanin
21. Match the following and select the correct answer.
(a) Centriole
(i) Infoldings in mitochondria
(b) Chlorophyll
(ii) Thylakoids
(c) Cristae
(iii) Nucleic acids
(d) Ribozyme
(iv) Basal body of cilia or flagella
(A) (a-iv), (b-ii), (c-i), (d-iii)
(B) (a-i), (b-ii), (c-iv), (d-iii)
(C) (a-i), (b-iii), (c-ii), (d-iv)
(D) (a-iv), (b-iii), (c-i), (d-ii)
22. Plasmodesmata are:
(A) Locomotary structures
(B) Membranes connecting the nucleus with plasmalemma
(C) Connections between adjacent cells
(D) Lignified cemented layers between cells
23. Common cold is not cured by antibiotics because it is:
(A) Caused by a virus
(B) Caused by a Gram-positive bacterium
(C) Caused by a Gram-negative bacterium
(D) Not an infectious disease
24. Which of the following is a pair of viral diseases?
(A) Common cold, AIDS
(B) Dysentery, common cold
(C) Typhoid, tuberculosis
(D) Ringworm, AIDS

## Recommended Time: 50 Minutes for Section - II

## Section - II <br> PHYSICS - (PART - A)

This part contains 8 Multiple Choice Questions number 25 to 32. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
25. A planet having a same density as that of earth but its radius is 4 times bigger than the radius of earth. If the acceleration due to gravity on the surface of earth is $g$ and that on the surface of the planet is $g^{\prime}$, then.
(A) $g^{\prime}=g / 4$
(B) $\mathrm{g}^{\prime}=16 \mathrm{~g}$
(C) $\mathrm{g}^{\prime}=9 \mathrm{~g}$
(D) $\mathrm{g}^{\prime}=4 \mathrm{~g}$
26. Weightlessness experienced while orbiting the earth in space ship is the result of
(A) zero reaction force
(B) centre of gravity
(C) inertia
(D) acceleration
27. A body of mass 4 kg moving on a horizontal rough surface with an initial velocity of $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ comes to rest after 2 seconds. The force of friction acting on the body was
(A) 10 N
(B) 8 N
(C) 6 N
(D) 12 N
28. Speeds of two identical cars are $u$ and $2 u$ at a specific instant. With similar retardation of both cars, find the ratio of the minimum distances in which the two cars can be stopped from the given instant is
(A) $1: 1$
(B) $1: 8$
(C) $1: 4$
(D) $1: 16$
29. A box of mass 2 kg was moving horizontally with a velocity of $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ is stopped by friction in 10 sec . The coefficient of friction is (Take $\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ )
(A) 0.01
(B) 0.03
(C) 0.06
(D) 0.05
30. A bus moving with a speed of $108 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, can be stopped by brakes after at least 12 m . If the same bus is moving at a speed of $144 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, the minimum stopping distance is approximately
(A) 24.5 m
(B) 27.5 m
(C) 21.3 m
(D) 29 m
31. What does the given displacement - time graph represent about velocity.
(A) Body is moving with certain velocity
(B) Body is at Rest
(C) Body is accelerating
(D) Body is deceleration

32. A boy is moving at a speed of $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ for 10 minutes and then at $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ for next 10 minutes. The average speed of the boy will be.
(A) $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
(B) $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
(C) $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
(D) $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$

## CHEMISTRY - (PART - B)

This part contains 8 Multiple Choice Questions number 33 to 40. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
33. Two chemical species $X \& Y$ combine together to form a product $P$ which contains both $X \& Y$. $X+Y \rightarrow P$. $X$ and $Y$ cannot be broken down into simpler substances by simple chemical reactions. Which of the following (concerning the species $X, Y$ and $P$ ) are correct?
(i) P is a compound
(ii) X and Y are compounds
(iii) $X \& Y$ are elements
(iv) P has a fixed composition
(A) (i), (ii) \& (iii)
(B) (i), (ii) \& (iv)
(C) (ii), (iii) \& (iv)
(D) (i), (iii) and (iv)
34. Aqueous urea solution is $20 \%$ by mass of solution. Calculate percentage by mass of solvent :
(A) $75 \%$
(B) $15 \%$
(C) $25 \%$
(D) $65 \%$
35. Calculate the number of moles of helium present in 6.46 g . (Atomic weight of helium is 4 amu )
(A) 16.15
(B) 1.615
(C) 161.5
(D) 0.1615
36. Laws of chemical combination were established by
(A) Theory
(B) Experiment
(C) Hypothesis
(D) None
37. The atomicity of noble gases is
(A) 0
(B) 1
(C) 2
(D) 8
38. Solutions which distil without any change in composition or temperature, are called :
(A) Saturated
(B) Supersaturated
(C) Ideal
(D) Azeotrope
39. Calculate the mass of cane sugar required to prepare 250 g of $25 \%$ cane sugar solution
(A) 62.5 g
(B) 70.5 g
(C) 187.5 g
(D) 18.75 g
40. If an atom has less electrons than normal then it gets
(A) Positively charged
(B) Negatively charged
(C) Neutral
(D) None of them

## MATHEMATICS - (PART - C)

This part contains 8 Multiple Choice Questions number 41 to 48. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
41. If all the three medians of a triangle are equal, then the triangle is
(A) equilateral triangle
(B) isosceles triangle
(C) scalene acute triangle
(D) right angled triangle
42. The LCM of $\left(2 x^{2}-3 x-2\right)$ and $\left(x^{3}-4 x^{2}+4 x\right)$ is:
(A) $x\left(2 x^{2}+1\right)\left(x^{2}+2\right)$
(B) $x(2 x+1)(x-2)^{2}$
(C) $x\left(2 x^{2}+1\right)(x-1)^{2}$
(D) $x(2 x+1)\left(x^{2}-1\right)$
43. In an equilateral triangle $A B C, P$ is a point in such an way that $P A^{2}=P B^{2}+P C^{2}$ then the value of $\angle B P C$ is
(A) $120^{\circ}$
(B) $150^{\circ}$
(C) $145^{\circ}$
(D) $135^{\circ}$
44. $A B, C D$ are parallel. The angle $E C D$ is equal to
(A) $52^{0}$
(B) $88^{0}$
(C) $44^{0}$
(D) $63^{0}$

45. The coefficient of $x^{2}$ in $\left(3 x+x^{3}\right)\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)$ is
(A) 3
(B) 1
(C) 4
(D) 2
46. Converting $1.3 \overline{45}$ into a fraction, we get
(A) $\frac{1345}{900}$
(B) $\frac{1332}{990}$
(C) $\frac{1345}{990}$
(D) $\frac{1332}{900}$
47. If $B E$ and $C F$ are two equal altitudes of a triangle $A B C$, then triangle $A B C$ is
(A) scalene triangle
(B) isosceles triangle
(C) equilateral triangle
(D) none of these
48. In figure, if $P Q \| R S$ and $\angle \mathrm{MXP}=50^{\circ}$ and $\angle M Y S=120^{\circ}$, find the value of x .
(A) $240^{\circ}$
(B) $225^{\circ}$
(C) $270^{\circ}$
(D) $315^{\circ}$


Space for Rough Work

## Recommended Time: 50 Minutes for Section - III

## Section - III

## PHYSICS - (PART - A)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Guestions number 49 to 54. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
49. A ball is dropped from a height of 20 m how much time it will take to reach the ground.
(Take $\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ )
(A) 1 sec
(B) 2 sec
(C) 3 sec
(D) 4 sec
50. When a body is projected at a certain angle with the horizontal (ground) then the acceleration acting on the body in horizontal direction is.
(A) $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$
(B) $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$
(C) zero
(D) $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$
51. A ball is thrown with a velocity of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ making an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with horizontal. It will hit the ground after ( $\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ )
(A) 1 sec
(B) 2 sec
(C) 3 sec
(D) 4 sec
52. Which of the following is a self adjusting force.
(A) static friction
(B) sliding friction
(C) limiting friction
(D) all of these
53. A car travelling at a speed of $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ is brought to a halt in 4 m . By applying brakes. If the same car is travelling at $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$. It can be brought to halt with in.
(A) 10 m
(B) 20 m
(C) 45 m
(D) 16 m
54. A force of 20 N acts on a body of mass 40 kg for 20 seconds. Change in its momentum is.
(A) $100 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
(B) $200 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
(C) $400 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
(D) $1600 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$

## CHEMISTRY - (PART - B)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Guestions number 55 to 60. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
55. Ozone has got
(A) Two oxygen atoms combined together
(B) Three oxygen atoms combined together
(C) Four oxygen atoms combine together
(D) None of them
56. The number of electrons in $8 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ are (atomic number $\mathrm{S}=16$ )
(A) $8 N_{A}$
(B) $\frac{144}{34} \mathrm{~N}_{\mathrm{A}}$
(C) $\frac{18}{34} \mathrm{~N}_{A}$
(D) $16 \mathrm{~N}_{\mathrm{A}}$
57. How many moles of gas are there which occupies a volume of 4.48 litre at STP?
(A) 5 moles
(B) 4 moles
(C) $\frac{1}{5} \mathrm{moles}$
(D) $\frac{1}{4}$ moles
58. Which of the following sample has maximum number of molecules?
(A) $18 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(B) $4 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2}$
(C) $0.5 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
(D) $25.5 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{NH}_{3}$
59. Which of the following sample has maximum number of atoms?
(A) $18 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(B) $4 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2}$
(C) $0.5 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
(D) $25.5 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{NH}_{3}$
60. What is the weight of a sample containing 2 moles of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}+44.8$ litre of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at STP?
(A) 88 gm
(B) 144 gm
(C) 56 gm
(D) 116 gm

## MATHEMATICS - (PART - C)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Guestions number 61 to 66. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
61. If $(2 x+17)^{\circ},(x+4)^{\circ}$ are complementary, find $x$ :
(A) $63^{\circ}$
(B) $53^{\circ}$
(C) $35^{\circ}$
(D) $23^{\circ}$
62. An angle is $30^{\circ}$ more than one half of its complement. Find the angle in degree:
(A) $60^{\circ}$
(B) $50^{\circ}$
(C) $45^{\circ}$
(D) $80^{\circ}$
63. The measure of an angle, if six times its complement is $12^{\circ}$ less than twice its supplement, is:
(A) $58^{\circ}$
(B) $48^{\circ}$
(C) $38^{\circ}$
(D) $78^{\circ}$
64. If $A B C$ and $D E F$ are two triangles such that $\triangle A B C \cong \triangle F D E$ and $A B=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle B=40^{\circ}$ and $\angle A=$ $80^{\circ}$. Then which of the following is true.
(A) $\mathrm{DE}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{~F}=80^{\circ}$
(B) $\mathrm{DE}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{E}=60^{\circ}$
(C) $\mathrm{FD}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{C}=40^{\circ}$
(D) $\mathrm{DF}=5 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{D}=40^{\circ}$
65. Internal bisectors of angles $\angle \mathrm{B}$ and $\angle \mathrm{C}$ of a triangle ABC meet at O . If $\angle \mathrm{BAC}=80^{\circ}$, then the value of $\angle \mathrm{BOC}$ is
(A) $120^{\circ}$
(B) $140^{\circ}$
(C) $110^{\circ}$
(D) $130^{\circ}$
66. The ortho centre of a right angled triangle lies
(A) outside the triangle
(B) at the right angular vertex
(C) on its hypotenuse
(D) within the triangle

## BIOLOGY - (PART - D)

This part contains 6 Multiple Choice Questions number 67 to 72. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
67. Given below is the diagrammatic sketch of a certain type of connective tissue. Identify the parts labelled (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) and select the right option about them.


|  | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | Macrophage | Fibroblast | Collagen fibres | Mast cell |
| (B) | Mast cell | Macrophage | Fibroblast | Collagen fibres |
| (C) | Macrophage | Collagen fibres | Fibroblast | Mast cell |
| (D) | Mast cell | Collagen fibres | Fibroblast | Marophage |

68. An epithelial tissue which has thin flat cells, arranged edge to edge so as to appear like closely packed tiles, is found to be present at:
(A) Outer surface of ovary
(B) Inner lining of fallopian tube
(C) Inner lining of stomach
(D) Inner lining of cheeks
69. Arrange the following events of meiosis in correct sequence:
(i) Crossing over
(ii) Synapsis
(iii) Terminalisation of chiasmata
(iv) Disappearance of nucleolus
(A) (i) - (iii) - (ii) - (iv)
(B) (ii) - (i) - (iv) - (iii)
(C) (iv) - (ii) - (i) - (iii)
(D) (iii) - (i) - (ii) - (iv)
70. Meiosis I is reductional division. Meiosis II is equational division due to:
(A) Pairing of homologous chromosomes
(B) Crossing over
(C) Separation of chromatids
(D) Disjunction of homologous chromosomes
71. Carcinoma refers to:
(A) Malignant tumours of the connective tissue
(B) Malignant tumours of the skin or mucous membrane
(C) Malignant tumours of the colon
(D) Benign tumours of the connective tissue
72. Which shows accurate pairing?
(A) Syphilis - Treponema pallidum
(B) AIDS - Bacillus conjugalis
(C) Gonorrhoea - Leishmania donovani
(D) Typhoid - Mycobacterium leprae

## Recommended Time: 50 Minutes for Section - IV

## Section - IV <br> PHYSICS - (PART - A)

This part contains 5 Multiple Choice Questions number 73 to 77. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
73. A ball is thrown vertically upwards at a velocity of $u$ from the ground. The magnitude of velocity at same position when coming down will be
(A) $3 u$
(B) $4 u$
(C) $6 u$
(D) $u$
74. Mass of the object is 2 kg on earth. The mass of same object on Jupiter will be
(A) 10 kg
(B) 20 kg
(C) 50 kg
(D) 2 kg
75. The acceleration due to gravity on a planet depends on its.
(A) Mass
(B) Radius
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of these
76. Which law states that every action has equal and opposite reaction.
(A) First law of motion
(B) Second law of motion
(C) Third law of motion
(D) Conservation of momentum
77. An external force of 20 N is acting on a box and it is accelerating at $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ on a frictionless surface. The mass of a box is
(A) 40 kg
(B) 20 kg
(C) 10 kg
(D) 5 kg

## CHEMISTRY - (PART - B)

This part contains 5 Multiple Choice Guestions number 78 to 82. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
78. The total number of moles of O -atom in 16 gm of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ are
(A) 0.25 moles
(B) 0.33 moles
(C) 1 mole
(D) 0.5 moles
79. NO reacts with $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ to form $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ when 10 g of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ is formed during the reaction, the mass of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ consumed is
(A) 1.90 g
(B) 5.0 g
(C) 3.48 g
(D) 13.9 g
80. How many grams of phosphoric acid $\left(\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}\right)$ would be needed to neutralise 100 g of magnesium hydroxide $\left(\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\right)$.
(A) 66.7 g
(B) 252
(C) 112.6 g
(D) 168 g
81. Find the ratio of no of molecules contained in 1 gm of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ and $1 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{N} \mathrm{N}_{2}$
(A) $20: 17$
(B) $28: 17$
(C) $17: 28$
(D) $14: 17$
82. The largest number of molecule is in
(A) 28 gm of CO
(B) 46 gm of $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
(C) 36 gm of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(D) 54 gm of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$

## MATHEMATICS - (PART - C)

This part contains 5 Multiple Choice Guestions number 83 to 87. Each question has 4 choices (A), (B), (C) and (D), out of which ONLY ONE is correct.
83. If $x=7+4 \sqrt{3}, y=7-4 \sqrt{3}$, Then $\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{y}=$
(A) 11
(B) 14
(C) 8
(D) $8 \sqrt{3}$
84. $A B C$ is an equilateral triangle. $P$ and $Q$ are two points on $\overline{A B}$ and $\overline{A C}$ respectively such that $\overline{\mathrm{PQ}} \| \overline{\mathrm{BC}}$. If $\overline{\mathrm{PQ}}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ then area of $\triangle \mathrm{APQ}$ is:
(A) $\frac{25}{4} \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
(B) $\frac{25}{\sqrt{3}}$ sq. cm
(C) $\frac{25 \sqrt{3}}{4}$ sq. cm
(D) $25 \sqrt{3}$ sq. cm
85. In a $\triangle \mathrm{PQR}$, PS is bisector of $\angle \mathrm{P}$ such that S lies on QR and $\angle \mathrm{Q}=70^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{R}=30^{\circ}$, then:
(A) $\mathrm{QS}>\mathrm{PQ}>\mathrm{PR}$
(B) $\mathrm{QS}<\mathrm{PQ}<\mathrm{PR}$
(C) $P Q>Q S>S R$
(D) $P Q<Q S<S R$
86. There are two positive integers $X$ and $Y$. When $X$ is divided by 237, the remainder is 192. When $Y$ is divided by 117, the quotient is same but the remainder is 108. The remainder when the sum of $X$ and $Y$ is divided by 118 is
(A) 58
(B) 64
(C) 70
(D) cannot say
87. In the given figure, $A B=A C, B C=C D$ and $D E \| B C$, $\angle F A E=122^{\circ}$. Find the measure of $x$.
(A) $62^{\circ}$
(B) $29^{\circ}$
(C) $58^{\circ}$
(D) $74^{\circ}$


## PHYSICS - (PART - D)

This part contains 3 Numerical Based Questions number 88 to 90. Each question has Single Digit Answer 0 to 9.
88. A body of mass 3 kg moves with an acceleration of $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$. The change of momentum per unit time is $P(\mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec})$. What is the value of $P$ ?
89. The weight of a body at earth's surface is 10 N . At a depth half way to the centre of the earth. Its Weight (in Newton) is found to be $X$. What is the value of $X$ ? (assuming uniform density of earth) ( $\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}^{2}$ )
90. The force exerted on an object is 100 N for 0.05 sec , the impulse exerted (in N -sec) on the object is.

## Space for Rough Work

## CHEMISTRY - (PART - E)

This part contains 3 Numerical Based Questions number 91 to 93. Each question has Single Digit Answer 0 to 9.
91. The number of moles in 500 g of limestone is $\qquad$ .
92. How many atoms are present in a molecule of acetic acid.
93. Identify the number of physical properties from the following : Corrosion, Fluidity, Rancidity, Ductility, Reactivity, Solubility

## MATHEMATICS - (PART - F)

This part contains 3 Numerical Based Questions number 94 to 96. Each question has Single Digit Answer 0 to 9.
94. If the two sides of a triangle are 8 cm and 3 cm , then what can be the smallest integral value of the third side.
95. If $A(1,5), B(2,0)$ and $C(6,2)$ are the vertices of $\triangle A B C$, find the length of median through $A$.
96. Find the number of real values of $x$ for which $|x-3|+(x-3)^{2}+\sqrt{x-3}+|x+3|=0$.

## Space for Rough Work

## FIITJ EE SAMPLE PAPER - 2020 (FIITJ EE Talent Reward Exam-2020)

for students presently in
Class 9 (Paper 2) ANSWERS

| 1. | C | 2. | B | 3. | C | 4. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5. | B | 6. | B | 7. | C | 8. |
| 9. | B | 10. | D | 11. | C | 12. |
| 13. | A | 14. | B | 15. | B | 16. |
| 17. | D | 18. | C | 19. | B | 20. |
| 21. | A | 22. | C | 23. | A | 24. |
| 25. | D | 26. | A | 27. | D | 28. |
| 29. | C | 30. | C | 31. | B | 32. |
| 33. | D | 34. | C | 35. | B | 36. |
| 37. | B | 38. | D | 39. | A | 40. |
| 41. | A | 42. | B | 43. | B | 44. |
| 45. | C | 46. | B | 47. | A | 48. |
| 49. | B | 50. | C | 51. | A | 52. |
| 53. | D | 54. | C | 55. | B | 56. |
| 57. | C | 58. | B | 59. | D | 60. |
| 61. | D | 62. | B | 63. | B | 64. |
| 65. | D | 66. | B | 67. | A | 68. |
| 69. | C | 70. | C | 71. | B | 72. |
| 73. | D | 74. | D | 75. | C | 76. |
| 77. | C | 78. | D | 79. | C | 80. |
| 81. | B | 82. | C | 83. | B | 84. |
| 85. | B | 86. | B | 87. | C | 88. |
|  | 5 | 90. | 5 | 91. | 5 | 92. |
| 93. | 3 | 94. | 6 | 95. | 5 | 96. |

